# Long Term Investment Fund

SIA Funds. Strategic Value

2023



### Presentation Plan

- SIA Funds. Who are we? Strategy
- LTIF Natural Resources
- Risk Management
- SIA Funds is looking for long term partners

# Investment Boutique vs. Institutional "We like what we do"



- Swiss asset manager. Regulated by FINMA. Based in Lachen (Lake of Zurich)
- Value strategy, long-only
- Boutique type: EUR 220 million AUM
- Team of 8 people with 4 investment professionals with more than 25 years of experience
- LTIF Classic, created in 2002, and with a 9% p.a. for 20+ years. LTIF Natural Resources seeks to generate value from the energy transition. 7% p.a. past 5Y.
   Mandates

### Partners - Investment Experience



Marcos Hernandez Aguado, CIO
Head of Investments Committee and PM

Alex Rauchenstein, CEO (IC)
 Head of Operations





Urs Marti, Director, (IC)
Natural Resources

Prof. Jose Carlos Jarillo, Founder (IC)



> 25 years experience

**Invested in SIA Funds** 

**Unconstrained decision making** 

### Value Investors/Entrepreneurs

- We see ourselves as investor-entrepreneurs, with a long-term view
- Risk-averse. Keynes: investment = capital protection + decent returns
- Value investing: good businesses at an interesting price (discount) or very cheap solid businesses. No bad businesses at any price
- We do not speculate. We don't know if the market is going to go up or down, we invest in businesses on a long-term capital return

### From Value to Strategic Value: the 4 G's

- Strategic analysis of the sector: competitive framework, entry & exit barriers, historical returns, cyclicality, regime change
- Strategic analysis of the company: 5 forces, moats, competitive advantages, growth, returns
- Choose good (moaty) businesses. Buy them at a discount. Discard weak business models... at any price.

The 4Gs: Good business, good management, good balance sheet and @ a good price

### SIA Funds Investment Principles

- Strategic Value. The 4G's: Good Business (moat), Good managements (returns/minorities), Balance sheet (crisis proof) @ a discount
- Fundamental Analysis. Strategic and Financial analysis with IV/IRRs on a company level and in total for our funds
- Responsible Investing. Transparent. No speculation. Big upside= big risk. No additives. No derivatives, no hedges, no funnies
- Long Term View. Average down
- Circle of Competence. Watch List. Time

### Strategic Value: 3 examples





Price/Book 2x PE 10X, ROE 22% Dividend Yield 5% Our IRR 14-15% p.a.





Price/Book 0.65x PE 7X, EV/EBITDA 4.4x, ROE 9.5% Our IRR 14-15% p.a.





@ USD 75 WTI, FFCF 33 Mrd. USD > Market. Cap - 2026

Our IRR 14-15% p.a.

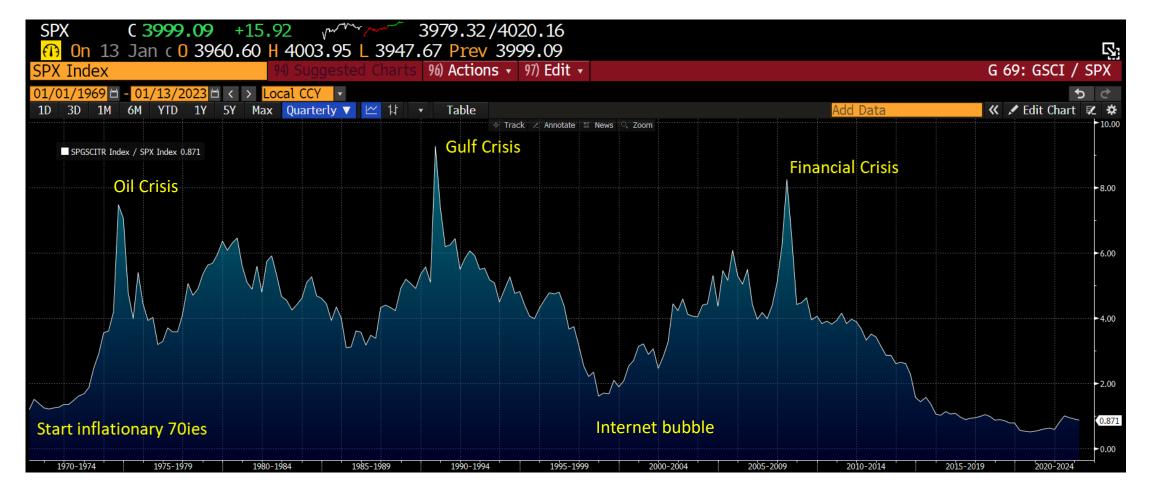
The 4Gs: Good business, good management, good balance sheet and @ a good price



### Presentation Plan

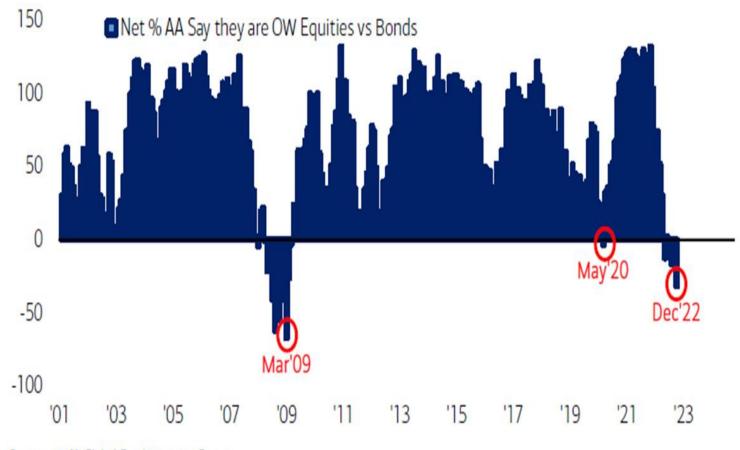
- SIA Funds. Who are we? Strategy
- LTIF Natural Resources
- Risk Management
- SIA Funds is looking for long term partners

### GSCI/S&P500 Ratio: As cheap as it can get



### **Buying opportunity**

Net % of FMS overweight equities - bonds



Source: BofA Global Fund Manager Survey

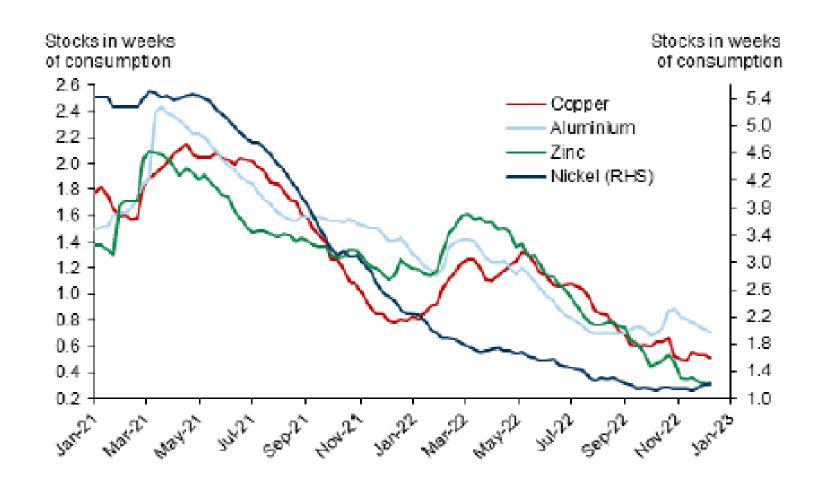
BOFA GLOBAL RESEARCH

### Last time this happened, copper doubled



### Recession? Short Dr. Copper? Real world very tight...

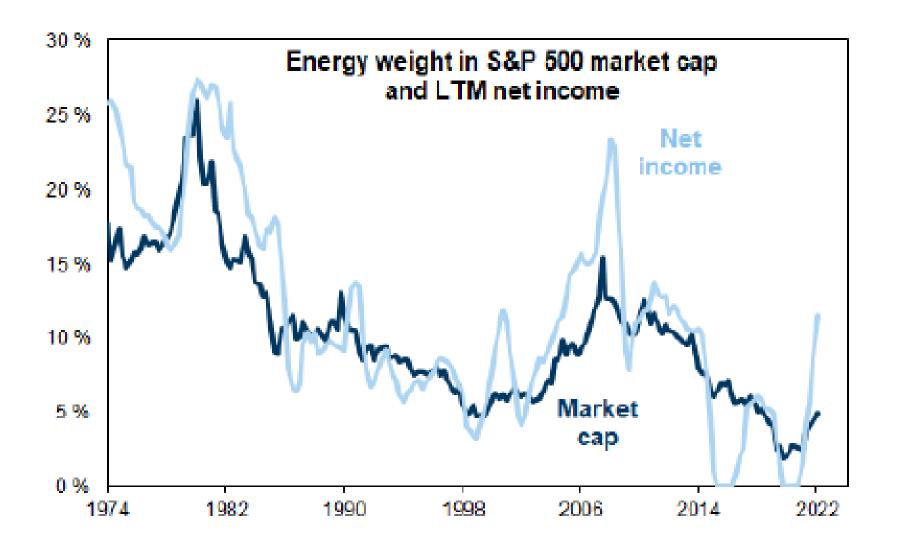
#### Global visible metals inventories



Source: Goldman Sachs



### Investors prefer losses/dreams to profits/dividends



Source: Goldman Sachs



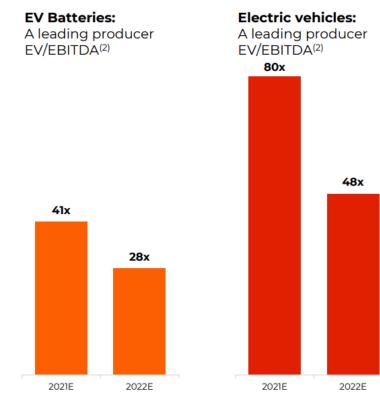
### Stories are preferred to profits...

### Glencore on track to smash profit record

**Major diversified** Renewable energy: miners EV/EBITDA(1,2) A leading wind turbine producer EV/EBITDA(2) 15x 14x 5x 4x

2021E

2022E



Notes (1): Includes Anglo American, BHP, Glencore and Rio Tinto. BHP FY21. (2) Source: Morgan Stanley Research, Capital IQ.

2022E

**GLENCORE** 

2021E

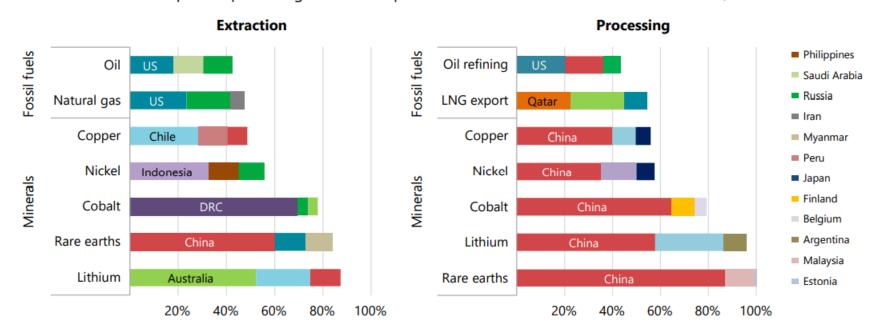
2022 BMO Global Metals & Mining Conference



### Globalisation, "dual circulation"...

#### Many mineral supply chains lack diversity

Share of top three producing countries in production of selected minerals and fossil fuels, 2019



Production and processing of many minerals such as lithium, cobalt and some rare earth elements are geographically concentrated, with the top three producers accounting for more than 75% of supplies

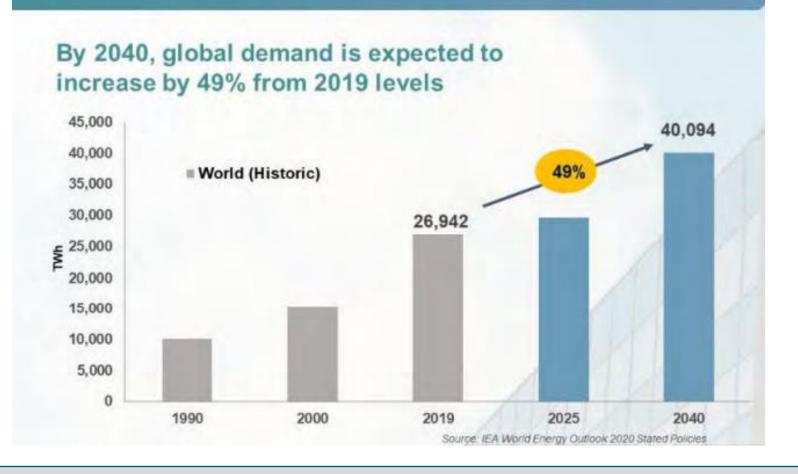
IEA 2021. All rights reserved.





### BRICS, Digitalization, Infrastructure, EV, etc.

### Growing electricity generation

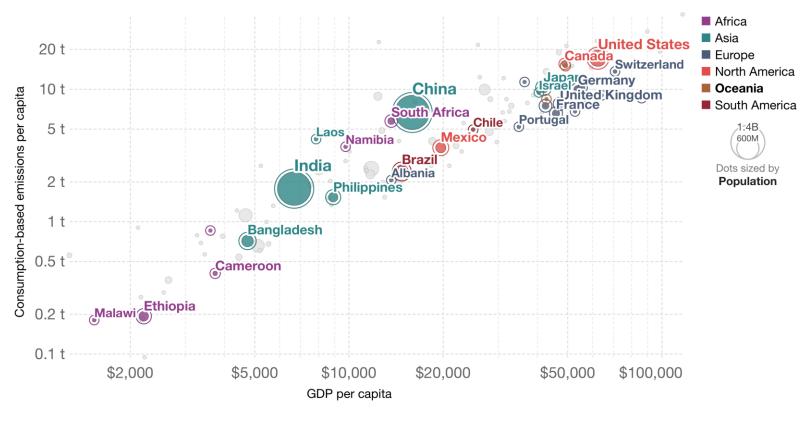


### GDP / energy consumption and standard of living

#### Consumption-based CO2 emissions per capita vs GDP per capita, 2019



- Consumption-based emissions are domestic emissions adjusted for trade. If a country imports goods the CO<sub>2</sub> emissions needed to produce such goods are added to its domestic emissions; if it exports goods then this is subtracted.
- GDP per capita is adjusted for price differences between countries (PPP) and over time (inflation).



Source: Our World in Data based on the Global Carbon Project, Data compiled from multiple sources by World Bank OurWorldInData.org/co2-and-other-greenhouse-gas-emissions • CC BY



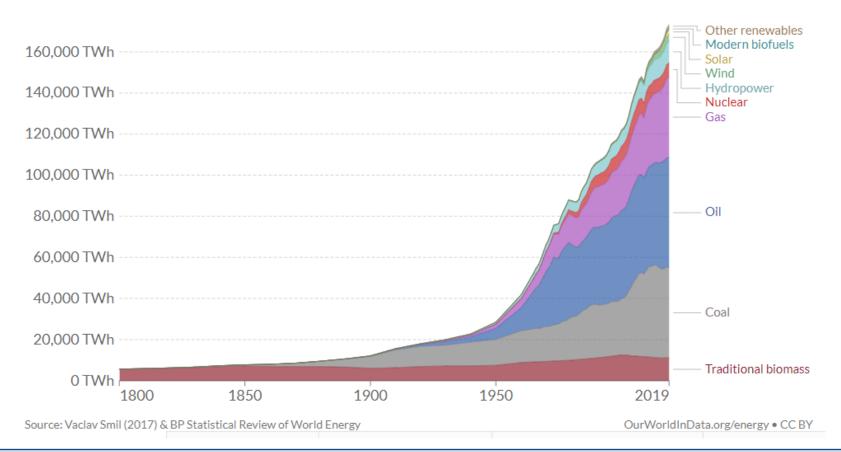
### Industrial revolution was/is a carbon revolution

#### Global primary energy consumption by source



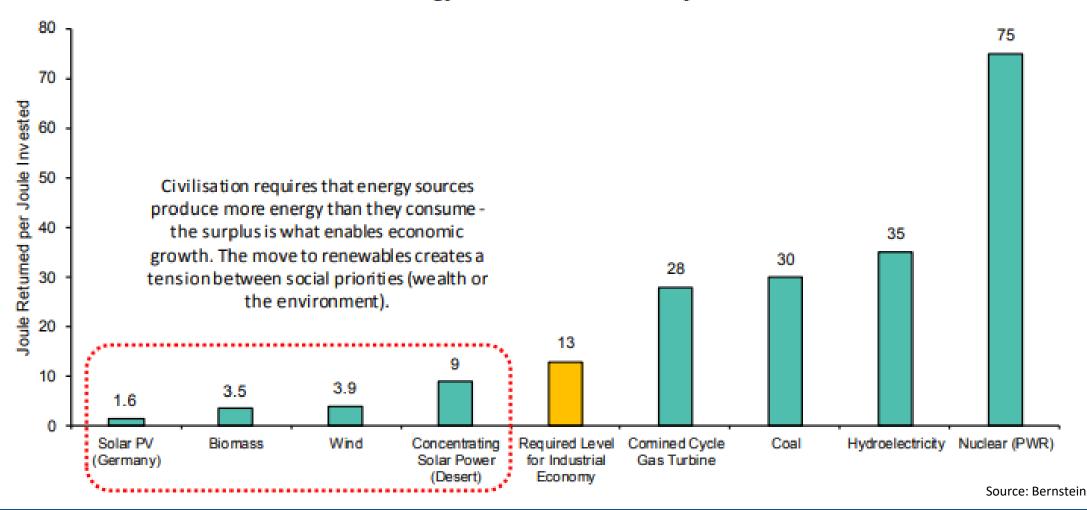
Primary energy is calculated based on the 'substitution method' which takes account of the inefficiencies in fossil fuel production by converting non-fossil energy into the energy inputs required if they had the same conversion losses as fossil fuels.

#### □ Relative

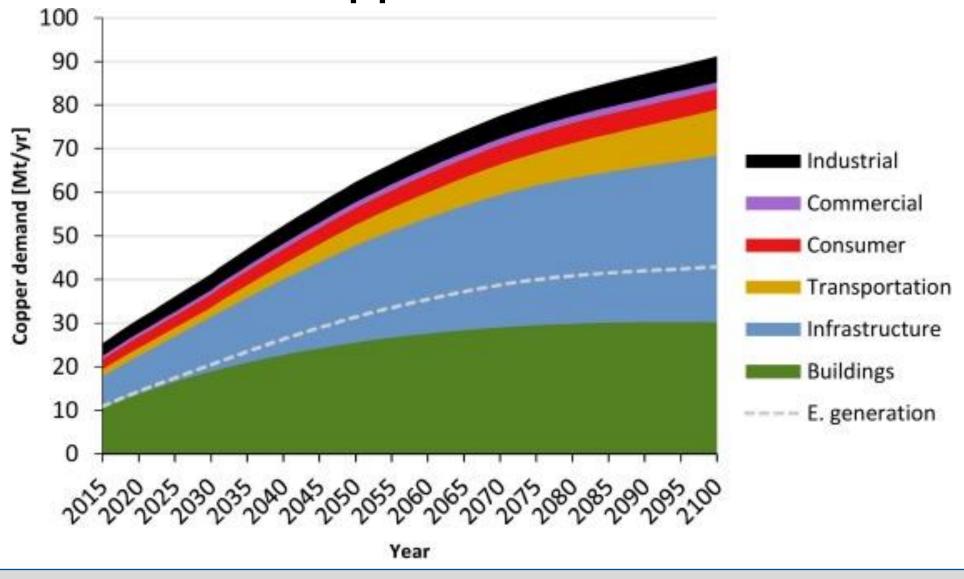


### It is about density of energy

#### Buffered Energy Return on Investment by Source

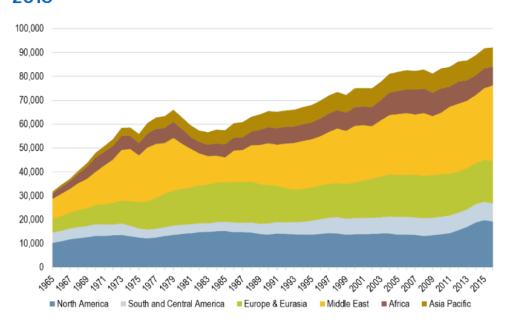


### Estimated copper demand



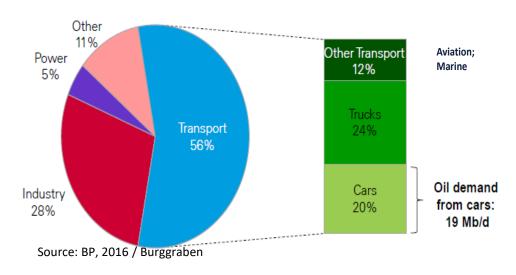
### Oil demand is very sticky

#### World Crude Oil Production and Consumption, 1965-2016



Source: United States Energy Information Administration

#### Because most of its uses are very stable

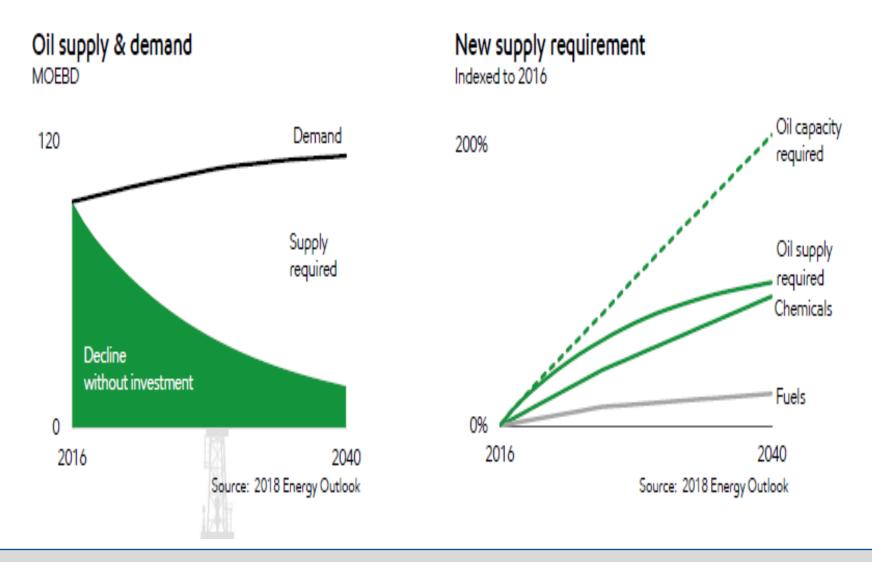


And the strongest source of additional demand is depletion

### Demand is more stable than perceived

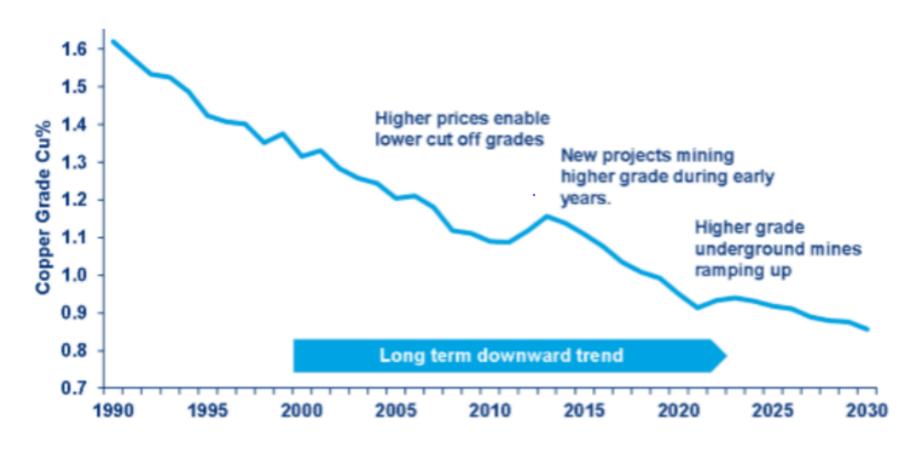


### A depleting biz, one should better start to invest...



### Pick the low hanging fruits first, it does not get easier!

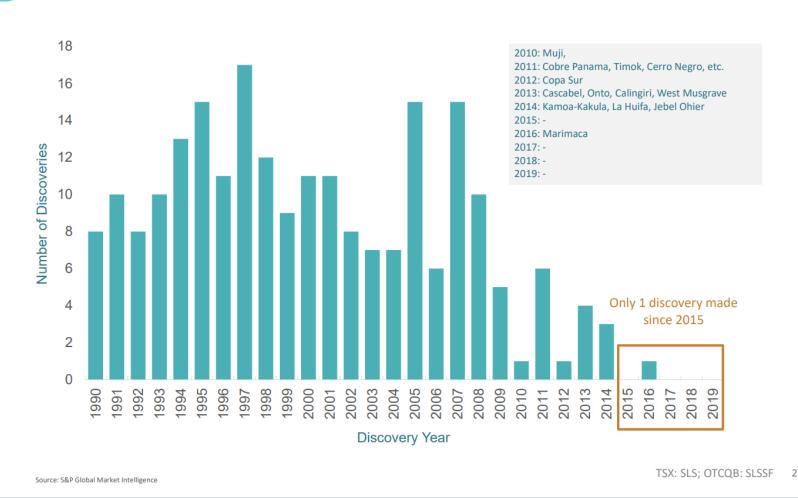
Copper Ore Grade Decline



Source: Wood Mackenzie.

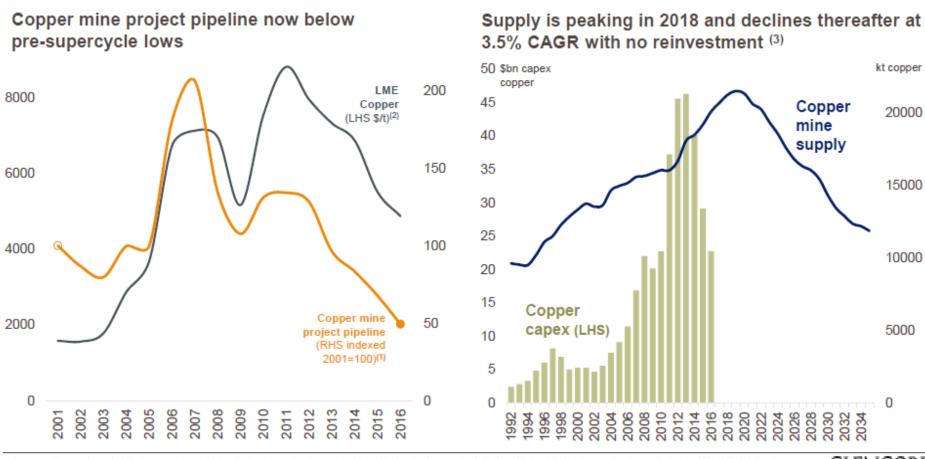
### We have a structural problem

Copper Discovery Rate Remains Dismal



### It is a capex cycle

#### Sustaining copper mine supply is progressively more challenging



Source: (1) Copper mine project pipeline comprises the total production volume of projects categorised as highly probable and probable by Wood Mackenzie's Global copper long-term outlooks from 2001 to 2016, indexed change from 2001. (2) Annual average LME cash copper price, source Wood Mackenzie and Bloomberg. (3) Bernstein European Metals and Mining, 8 March 2017, Copper & Gold — Not a production wall ... It's a production cliff!

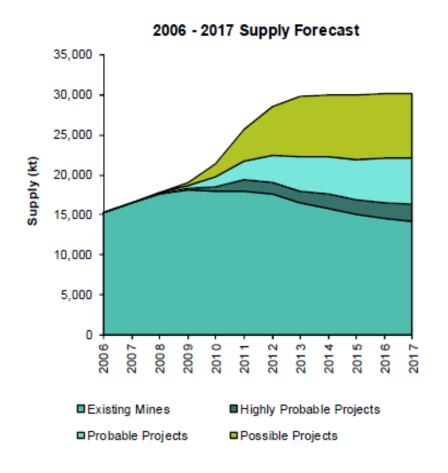


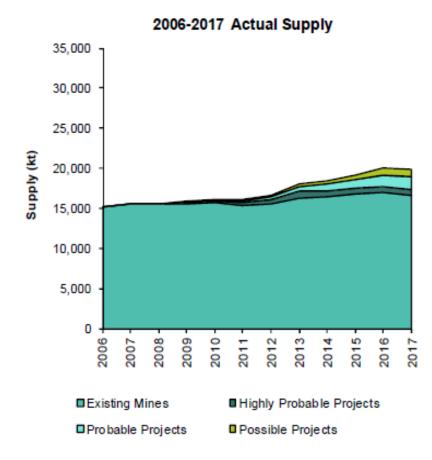


### Mediocre supply response in relation to capex

EXHIBIT 4: In 2007, the maximum 2017 run-rate supply was estimated at 30.2Mt, +99% growth (+6.4% CAGR) generating fears about a possible "wall of supply"...

EXHIBIT 5: ... when in reality, despite the copper price hitting US\$10,000/t in 2011, supply actually grew just +31% (+2.5% CAGR).





Source: Brook Hunt, Wood Mackenzie, Bernstein analysis

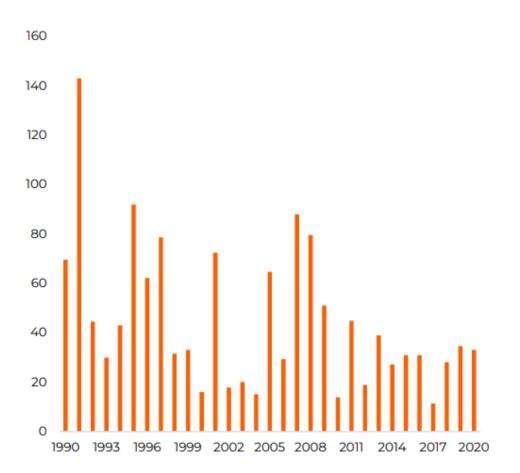
Source: Brook Hunt, Wood Mackenzie, Bernstein analysis



### Time lag is a decade...

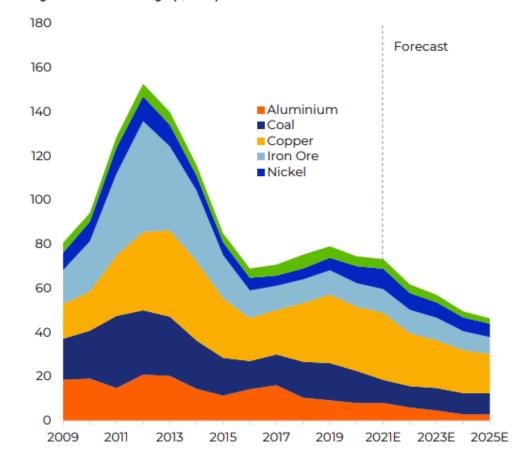
#### Discovery of new resources remains limited

Copper in major discoveries (Mt)(1)



#### **Trajectory of Capex**

Expansionary and sustaining capex by commodity (\$bn)<sup>(2)</sup>



### Project pipeline below pre-supercycle lows!

Copper mine project pipeline at pre-supercycle lows(2)

Indexed, 2001=100 200

2001 2003 2005 2007 2009 2011 2013 2015 2017 2019

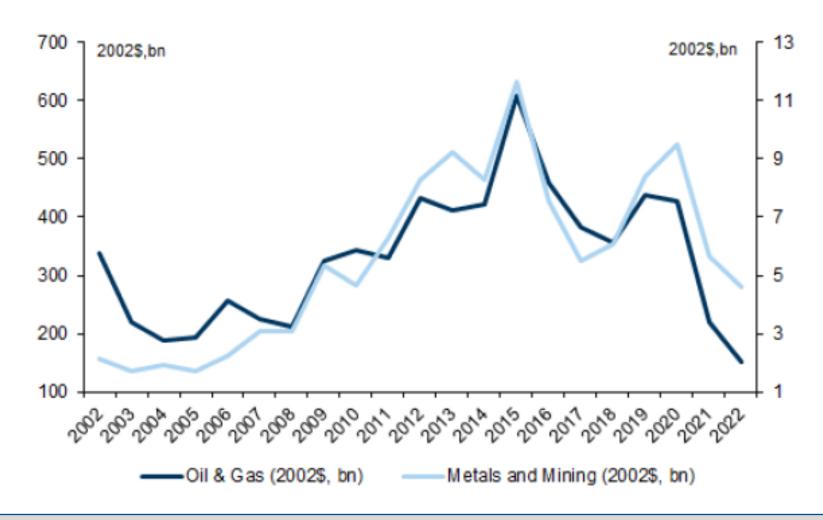
Glencore 2020 Investor Update

nition. (2) Copper mine project



### It does not get cheaper...

Oil & Gas and Metals and Mining (rhs) real capex in 2002 dollars

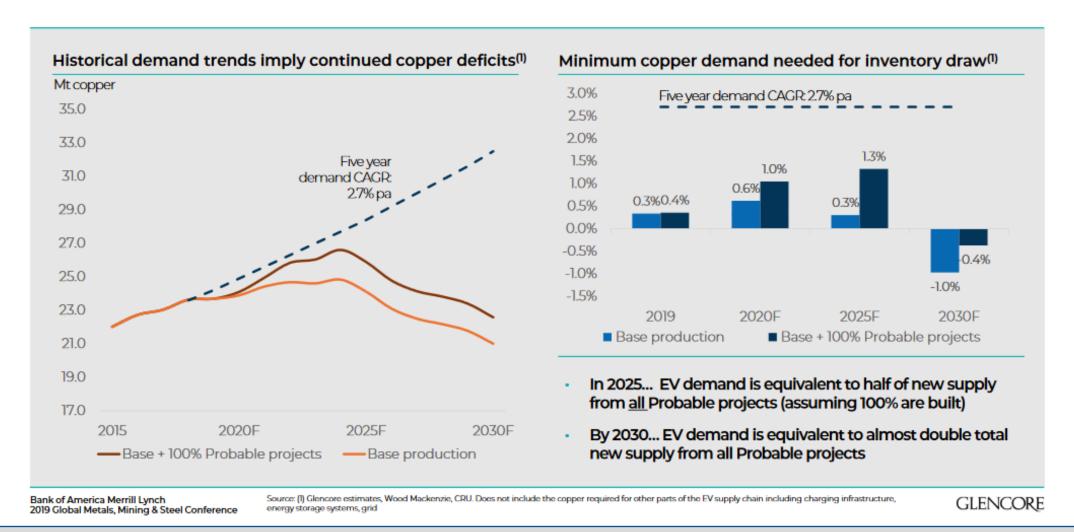


Source: Goldman Sachs/Baker Hughes

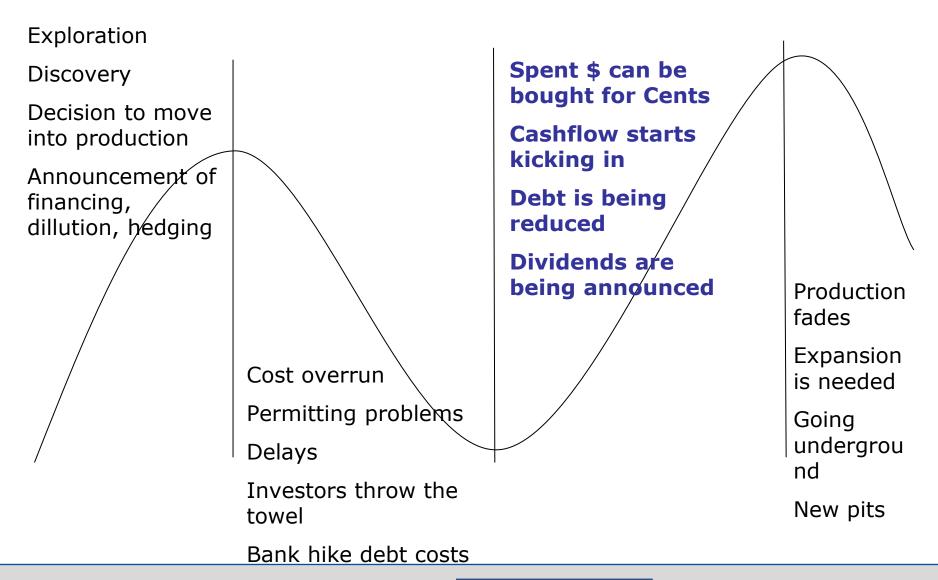


### It has just started...

Structural deficits likely even with 100% of probable project pipeline



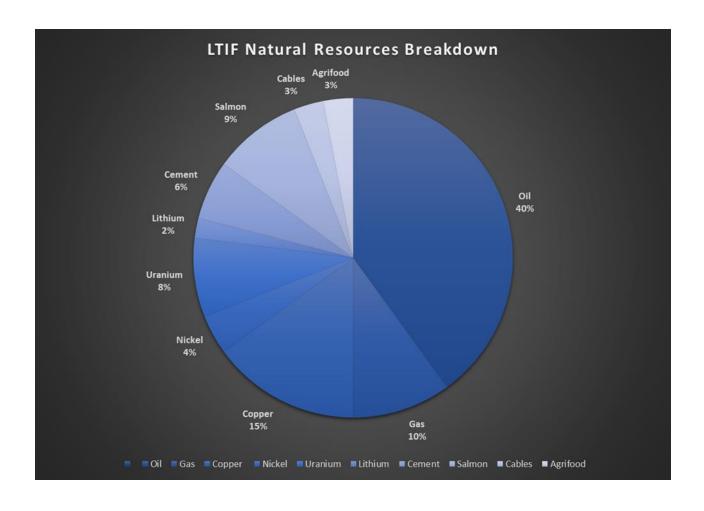
### "The SIA value bracket"



### Majors are defensive, underperform in bull market



### The LTIF NR trip to outperformance



- Scarce commodities
- Avoid majors
- TIER1 reserves & assets
- "Safer" geographies
- In/near production
- Good B. Sheets
- Sound management

### Quality is key for risk. Both concentrated and diversified

#### LTIF NR Top 10 Holdings

Name	Weight
Hess Corp	5.3%
Suncor Energy Inc	5.0%
Cenovus Energy Inc	5.0%
TGS ASA	4.4%
Hudbay Minerals Inc	4.3%
Cameco Corp	3.8%
HeidelbergCement AG	3.8%
Buzzi Unicem SpA	3.8%
EOG Resources Inc	3.8%
Aker BP ASA	3.8%
Total Top 10 Holdings	34.4%

- Quality of companies and funds.
   The 4 Gs
- Concentration: 30% of the NR Fund is in 10 names
- Diversification is key.
   Avoid concentration risks

**Know your portfolio** 



### We buy at a discount. The discount rises protection

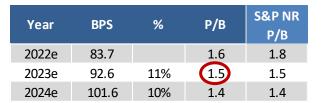
Date	NAV	%
31.12.2020	87.1	
31.12.2021	122.5	40.7%

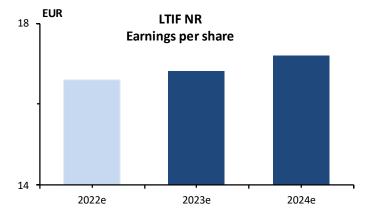
1/24/2023

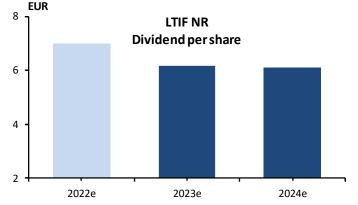
Reporting LTIF NR as of 28.10.2022 (aggregated data in EUR)

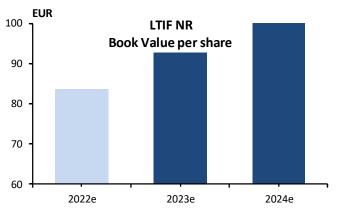
Year	EPS	%	P/E	EPS yield	S&P NR P/E	S&P NR EPS yield
2022e	16.6		8.3	12.0%	7.6	13.2%
2023e	16.8	1%	8.2	12.2%	8.4	11.9%
2024e	17.2	2%	8.0	12.5%	9.4	10.6%











Source: SIA Group / Bloomberg

37

### LTIF NR vs Benchmark very strong in positive markets



### Presentation Plan

- SIA Funds. Who are we? Strategy
- LTIF Natural Resources
- Risk Management
- SIA Funds is looking for long term partners

## Valuation, Risk Categories and ESG are also risk management tools



- No trading, no hedging, no timing, no derivatives.
- Plain Long-Term Investing. Sometimes even boring.
- Sharpe and Sortino ratios are somewhat flawed because they link volatility to risk. We focus on returns.
- Real risk cannot be measured, it can be managed.



### Why SIA Funds? What do we add?









Investment philosophy.
Strategic Value

**Size.** Boutique. Not constrained by institutional decisions

**Experience:** decades. Team working together for many years

**Risk management.** Quality biased. Risk averse. Capital preservation







**Good track record:** 9-10% p.a. since inception

**Long term view:** we look for partners not short-term traders

Transparent, Responsible, Honest. We are partners with our clients (skin in the game)

**SIA Funds is looking for long term partners** 



### Presentation Plan

- SIA Funds. Who are we? Strategy
- LTIF Natural Resources
- Risk Management
- SIA Funds is looking for long term partners

### Long Term Investment Fund (SIA) structure

Compartments	LTIF Classic Series			
Investment style	Long-only			
Management fee	1.5% pa			
Performance fee	15% (HWM and Hurdle Rate)			
Currency	EUR	CHF	USD	EUR
ISIN number	LU0244071956	LU0301246772	LU0301247077	LU1449969846
Telekurs valor	2'432'569	3'101'817	3'101'820	33'180'015
Bloomberg ticker	LTIFCLA LX	LTIFCLC LX	LTIFCLU LX	LTIFCLD LX
Distribution	reinvested	reinvested	reinvested	distributed

Compartments	LTIF Natural Resources			
Investment style				
Management fee	1.5% pa			
Performance fee	15% (HWM)			
Currency	EUR	CHF	USD	
ISIN number	LU0244072335	LU0301246939	LU0301247234	
Telekurs valor	2'432'575	3'101'836	3'101'839	
Bloomberg ticker	LTIFGEV LX	LTIFGEC LX	LTIFGEU LX	
Distribution	reinvested	reinvested	reinvested	

- Daily liquidity, cut-off time previous day at 4:00 pm CET
- Performance fees are assessed and paid yearly



SIA Funds AG is an authorized Asset Manager of collective investment schemes, regulated by the Swiss Financial Market Supervisory Authority FINMA.



Email info@s-i-a.ch



Phone +41 55 617 28 70



Website www.s-i-a.ch



Office
Alpenblickstrasse 25
CH-8853 Lachen
Switzerland

#### DISCLAIMER: LTIF (SIA) Classic and Natural Resources

Performance up to 31.05.06 is that of the BVI-based LTIF, of which the LTIF Luxembourg is an identical successor. Previous performance is audited by Ernst & Young. Past performance is neither a guarantee nor a reliable indicator of future results. Performance data does not include the commissions and fees charged at the time of subscribing for or redeeming shares. This information has been furnished to you upon request and solely for your information and may not be reproduced or redistributed to any other person. It is not intended as an offer or solicitation with respect to the purchase or sale of shares of the Sicav. Neither the Central Administration Agent nor the Investment Manager assume any liability in the case of incorrectly reported or incomplete information. Please be aware that investment funds involve investment risks, including the possible loss of the principal amount invested. For a detailed description of the risks in relation to each share in the investment fund, please see the latest version of the prospectus, simplified prospectus, annual and semi-annual reports, which may solely be relied upon as the basis for investment decisions; these documents are available on www.s-i-a.ch or from the Central Administration Agent FundPartner Solutions (Europe) SA, 15A, avenue J.F. Kennedy, L-1855 Luxembourg. LTIF Classic and Natural Resources (previously Global Energy Value) were approved for distribution in and from Switzerland by the Swiss Financial Market Supervisory Authority (FINMA) according to Art. 19 al. 1 of the Collective Investment Schemes Act, paying agent is Banque Pictet & Cie SA, Route des Acacias 60, 1211 Geneva 73, Switzerland. Legal representative in Switzerland is FundPartner Solutions (Suisse) SA, Route des Acacias 60, 1211 Geneva 73, Switzerland; notified to the Austrian Finanzmarktaufsicht according to §36 of the Investment Funds Act; authorised in France by the Autorité des Marchés Financiers (AMF) pursuant to Art. 411-58 of the AMF General Regulation; authorised by the German Bundesanstalt für Finanzdienstleistungsaufsicht (BaFin) according to §132 of the Investment Act; authorised in Italy by the Bank of Italy and the CONSOB according to Article 42 of Legislative Decree no. 58 of 24 February 1998; registered in the register of foreign collective investment schemes commercialized in Spain by the Comisión Nacional del Mercado de Valores (CNMV) pursuant to Art. 15 of the Law on Collective Investment Vehicles; recognised in the United Kingdom by the Financial Services Authority (FSA) as a recognised scheme within the meaning of Section 264 of the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000.

